# **Charles Delahunt CV**

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### Global Health Labs, Bellevue, WA (2012 – present)

- Senior Research Engineer, machine learning for medical diagnostics
- Role: Research and develop ML algorithms tailored to use-cases in global health
- Projects: automated malaria detection; grain moisture prediction; pregnancy risk stratification; vitamin A deficiency detection from pupillary response; lung ultrasound; helminth diagnosis.

### U. Washington Applied Math Postdoc (2018 – 2021, J. Nathan Kutz P.I.)

- Data-driven discovery of governing equations in high-noise regimes
- Application of biological learning mechanisms to ML contexts

#### Key skills

- Applied machine learning
- Analyze, interrogate, and understand data sets
- Research and develop end-to-end ML systems
- Honor use-case demands, biophysical priors, and domain knowledge in algorithm design
- Assess algorithm performance and results
- Work with field experts and collaborators
- Image processing
- Data and database management
- Writing and presentations

#### Education

- Ph.D. Electrical Engineering, University of Washington. Advisors J. Nathan Kutz (Applied Math) and Eve Riskin (Electrical Engineering). 2018
- B.S. Math and Music, MIT

### Languages

Python, Matlab, SQL. Some Java, C, Linux, Powershell, Git, Tensorflow.

### ML and biological learning papers

(\*) indicates lead author

- (\*) A toolkit for data-driven discovery of governing equations in high-noise regimes. IEEE Access 2022. link
- (\*) Predicting United States Policy Outcomes with Random Forests. INET 2020. link
- (\*) Money on the Table: Statistical information ignored by Softmax can improve classifier accuracy. arXiv 2019. link
- (\*) *Putting a bug in ML: The moth olfactory network learns to read MNIST.* Neural Networks 2019. link
- (\*) Insect cyborgs: Bio-mimetic feature generators improve machine learning accuracy on limited data. NeurIPS workshop 2019. link
- (\*) A moth brain learns to read MNIST. ICLR workshop 2019. link
- (\*) Biological Mechanisms for Learning: A Computational Model of Olfactory Learning in the

Manduca sexta Moth, with Applications to Neural Nets. Front Comp Neurosci 2018. link

- (\*) Built to Last: Functional and structural mechanisms in the moth olfactory network mitigate effects of neural injury. Brain Sciences 2021. link
- (\*) Engineered for Function: The Power of Biologically-Constrained Neural Networks for Neurosensory Integration. SIAM News July 2019. link

In the press:

- Quanta Magazine: New AI strategy mimics how brains learn to smell. link
- Technology Review: Why even a moth's brain is smarter than AI. link
- The Register: *Moth brain AI*. link

### ML for global health papers

### (\*) indicates lead author

- (\*) Use case-focused metrics to evaluate machine learning for diseases involving parasite loads arXiv 2022. link
- (\*) Algorithms to predict moisture content of grain using relative humidity time-series. IEEE GHTC 2020. link
- (\*) Tutorial: MICCAI for Global Health. half-day, MICCAI 2022. (lead organizer)
- (\*) *Tutorial: Applied machine learning for social good.* half-day, IEEE GHTC 2022. (co-organizer)
- (\*) *Tutorial: Applied machine learning for social good.* half-day, IEEE GHTC 2020. (co-organizer)
- (\*) Fully-automated patient-level malaria assessment on field-prepared thin blood film microscopy images. IEEE GHTC 2019. link
- \* Field evaluation of the diagnostic performance of EasyScan GO: a digital malaria microscopy device based on machine learning. Malaria J 2022. link
- \* *Performance of a fully-automated system on a WHO malaria microscopy evaluation slide set.* Malaria J 2021. link
- \* Automated microscopy for routine malaria diagnosis: a field comparison on Giemsa-stained blood films in Peru. Malaria J, 2018, link
- \* Computer-Automated Malaria Diagnosis and Quantitation Using Convolutional Neural Networks. ICCV 2017. link
- (\*) Automated Microscopy and Machine Learning for Expert-Level Malaria Field Diagnosis. IEEE GHTC 2015. link
- (\*) Limitations of haemozoin-based diagnosis of Plasmodium falciparum using dark-field microscopy. Malaria J 2014. link
- \* A paper microfluidic cartridge for automated staining of malaria parasites with an optically transparent microscopy window. Lab on Chip 2014. link

In the press:

• Technology Review: AI offers a better way to diagnose malaria. link

# Patents

- Image analysis systems and related methods. Patent # 10061972
- Devices and methods for staining and microscopy. Patent # 9453996

# Service

- Board member, RISE-MICCAI (Reinforcing inclusiveness & diversity and empowering MICCAI in low-to-middle income countries) link
- Peer Reviewer: NeurIPS, ICML, MICCAI, IEEE GHTC, ML4H, TMLR, Malaria J, others
- Roosevelt High School Vocational Advisory Committee (for technical education)
- Devoted runner 😳